

within the electoral district for twelve months previous to the election.

43. By special provision, votes are given to persons in British Columbia and Prince Edward Island who, not coming within the Dominion franchise, were, at the time of the passing of the Act (20th July, 1885), entitled to vote according to the then existing provincial laws, but only for so long as they shall be so qualified. Voters in British Columbia and P. E. Island

44. In addition to the Indians mentioned, the judges of every court, whose appointments rest with the Governor General, are disqualified and incompetent to vote at elections for the Dominion Parliament. Revising officers, returning officers and election clerks, and all counsel, agents, attorneys and clerks of candidates who may be paid for their services are disqualified from voting in the district in which they have been so engaged, but not elsewhere. The last general election was held in February, 1887, when the number of voters on the lists (except in the Territories, where there were no lists) was 983,599. What persons disqualified.

45. Writs for new elections for the House of Commons are dated and made returnable as the Governor General shall determine, the date of the nomination, which shall be named in the writ, being also fixed by him. Within eight days from the receipt of the writ the returning officer shall post up at each polling place in the district a proclamation setting forth the dates for the days of nomination and polling, which latter, in the case of general elections, shall be every where on the same day (except as is specially provided for in the Districts of Algoma, Ontario, and Cariboo, British Columbia), and of the official declaration of the return of the poll, together with a list of the several polling places, such proclamation to be posted up at least eight days before the day fixed for the nomination. The polling day is to be the seventh after the day of nomination, except as specially Election procedure